Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (Rev.06/08)

Auditing Procedures Report

Reset Form

Email

issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended .												
Unit Name VILLAG	SE OF WOLVERINE	County CHEBOYGAN	Туре	^{Type} Village		16						
Opinion Date-Use Ca	ilendar APRIL 29, 2008	Audit Submitted-Use Calendar July 8, 2008	,	Fiscal Year-Use	Drop List	2008						

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Plac "No	ce a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answe ".
×	1. Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements?
×	2. Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?
	3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?
×	4. Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?
×	5. Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?
×	6. Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?
⊠	7. Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?
ĺ∑	8. Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general property tax act?
×	9. Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?
×	10. Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)
×	11. Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)
×	12. Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?
×	13. Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA
X	15. Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?
×	16. Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?
ΙX	17. To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations that were reviewed performed timely?
I⊽	18. Are there reported deficiencies? X 19. If so, was it attached to the audit report?

General Fund Revenue:	\$ 84,590.00
General Fund Expenditure:	\$ 93,622.00
Major Fund Deficit Amount:	\$ 0.00

General Fund Balance:	\$ 59,516.00
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see instructions):	\$ 4,094.00

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (Reported deviations).

CPA (First Name)	James	Last Cusenza Name	Ten Digit Lic	ense Number 110	01012888
CPA Street Address	923 Spring St.	City Petoskey	State MI	Zip Code 49770	Telephone 2313474136
CPA Firm Name	Hill, Schroderus & Co., LLP	Unit's Street Address 5714 W. Main S	St. City	Wolverine	LU Zip 49799

FINANCIAL REPORT VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE FEBRUARY 29, 2008

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE FINANCIAL REPORT February 29, 2008

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April 29, 2008

Independent Auditors' Report

Village President and Council Village of Wolverine Cheboygan County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Village of Wolverine, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 29, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Village of Wolverine, as of February 29, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Village of Wolverine has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America has determined to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Hill Schwederus & Co.

Petoskey, Michigan

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE Statement of Net Assets February 29, 2008

<u>Assets</u>

Current Assets Cash Taxes receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenditures	\$ 139,142 9,745 22,437 1,802
Total current assets	 173,126
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	381,474 (225,953)
Total noncurrent assets	155,521
Total assets	\$ 328,647
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>	
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses Notes payable, due within one year	\$ 2,160 4,094
Total current liabilities	 6,254
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for;	151,427
Metro Act expenditures Liquor taxes Unrestricted	4,327 3,255 163,384
Total net assets	322,393
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 328,647

For the Year Ended February 29, 2008 VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE Statement of Activities

Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in Net Assets	Capital	Grants and Governmental	Contributions Activities		- \$ (47,436)	- 257	- 4,908	- (19,371)	- (11,199)	- (72,841)		48,447	39,065	4,701	2,131	94,344	21,503	300,890	\$ 322,393
c.	Program Revenues	Operating C	Grants and Gro	Contributions Con		- \$	639	56,801	•	-	\$ 57,440 \$									
			Charges for	Services		- ₩	1	4,493	•	1	\$ 4,493	nues:	ixes	State-shared revenues	d rentals	ons	Total general revenues	et assets	Net assets - beginning of year	nd of year
				Expenses		\$ 47,436	382	56,386	19,371	11,199	\$ 134,774	General revenues:	Property taxes	State-share	interest and rentals	Miscellaneous	Total ge	Change in net assets	Net assets - b	Net assets - end of year
				Functions/Programs	Sovernmental activities:	General government	Public safety	Public works	Recreation and cultural	Unallocated depreciation	Total governmental activities									

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE Baiance Sheet Governmental Funds February 29, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	<u> </u>	eneral	Maj	or Street	Loc	cal Street		Total ernmental Funds
Cash Taxes receivable	\$	45,686 6,961	\$	61,739	\$	31,717 2,784	\$	139,142 9,745
Due from other funds Due from other governmental units		2,510 6,519		10,392		5,526		2,510 22,437
Total assets	_\$	61,676		72,131	\$	40,027		173,834
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>								
Liabilities								
Accrued expenses	\$	2,160	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,160
Due to other funds				<u>-</u>		2,510	_	2,510
Total liabilities		2,160				2,510		4,670
Fund balances Reserved for:								
Metro Act expenditures		4,327		-		-		4,327
Liquor taxes		3,255		-		-		3,255
Unreserved		51,934		72,131		37,517		161,582
Total fund balances		59,516		72,131		37,517		169,164
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	61,676	\$	72,131	\$	40,027	\$	17 <u>3</u> ,834

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets February 29, 2008

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 169,164
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet	
Cost of capital assets	381,474
Accumulated depreciation	(225,953)
Prepaid insurance costs are not available for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental	
funds.	1,802
Payments on notes are recognized as an expenditure when it is	
due in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, future notes payable are reported as current and long-term liabilities.	(4,094)

\$ 322,393

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

								Total
							Gov	ernmental -
		<u>Seneral</u>	Maj	or Street	Loc	al Street		<u>Funds</u>
Revenues	4	050/0			•	10.404	•	40.447
Taxes	\$	35,963	\$	43.007	\$	12,484	\$	48,447
State revenues		39,704		41,087		15,714		96,505
Charges for services		4,493		-		-		4,493
Interest and rentals		2,299		1,927		475		4,701
Other		2,131						2,131
Total revenues		84,590		43,014		28,673		156,277
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		47, 43 6		-		-		47,436
Public safety		382		-		-		382
Public works		15,583		29,925		10,878		56,386
Recreation and cultural		19,371		-		-		19,371
Capital outlay		3,746		1,750		1,750		7,246
Debt service		7,104			_	-		7,104
Total expenditures		93,622		31,675		12,628		137,925
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(9,032)		11,339		16,045		18,352
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		-		-		9,374		9,374
Operating transfers out		-		(9,374)				(9,374)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		-		(9,374)		9,374		
Net change in fund balances		(9,032)		1,965		25,419		18,352
Fund balances - beginning of year		68,548		70,166		12,098		150,812
Fund balances - end of year	\$	59,516	\$	72,131	\$	37,517	\$	169.164

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 18,352

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.

Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation 7,246 (11,199)

Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

Debt issued Principal repaid

7,104

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 21,503

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 29, 2008

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village operates under a Council-President form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, public improvements, planning and zoning, culture – recreation, and general administrative services.

The Village's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The Village's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the significant policies used by the Village of Wolverine:

REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by GASB No. 14, and amended by GASBS No. 39. GASBS 14 states that the primary basis for determining whether outside agencies and organizations should be considered component units of the Village and included in the Village's financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability has been defined as follows: A primary government has substantive authority to appoint a voting majority of the component unit's board; the primary government is either able to impose its will on a component unit or there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial burdens on the primary government; and the component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the Village reporting entity.

Excluded from the reporting entity:

Wolverine Community School

Community Center Building Authority

Wolverine Fire Department

These are excluded from the reporting entity because the Village does not have the ability to exercise influence or control over their daily operations, approve budgets or provide funding.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity, such as overhead costs, has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide focus is more on operational efficiency, the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis. Due to the full accrual, economic resource basis, all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations are recognized. The Village's net assets are reported in two parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; and unrestricted net assets. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. This statement reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, which include charges for services, operating grants and capital grants.

The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. The focus of the fund financial statements is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources).

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The emphasis in the fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activities. GASBS No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of the governmental funds) for the determination of major funds.

Governmental Funds

The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the Village:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major and Local Street Funds – The Street Funds account for the operation of the street departments. Primary financing is provided by the Village's share of state gasoline taxes. State law requires these gasoline taxes be used to maintain streets.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned, as long as they are both available and measurable. Revenues are available when received within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, as under full accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded by the Village when the initial individual costs are equal to or greater than \$500.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 40 years Equipment 10 years

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY -- CONTINUED

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debts are reported as liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

COMPARATIVE DATA

Comparative data for the prior year is not included in the Village's financial statements.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all Governmental funds of the Village.

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 1, the President submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following March 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted at Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 1, the fund budgets are legally enacted through passage of an appropriation act.
- 4. The budget is adopted at the fund level consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Village Council during the year, and lapse at year-end.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgetary Funds P. A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Village's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Village for these budgetary funds were adopted on a fund basis.

During the year ended February 29, 2008, the Village incurred expenditures in one budgetary fund, which was in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

Fund	_App	Total ropriations	 nount of enditures	Budget Variance		
Maior Street	\$	31.900	\$ 41.049	\$ 9.149		

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Village is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. At February 29, 2008, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$139,142 and the bank balance was \$140,328. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The Village may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances through the year.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on property as of July 1 on the State taxable valuation of property in the Village of the preceding December 31. The Village bills its own property taxes. Property taxes revenues are recognized when levied.

The Village is permitted by statute to levy taxes, subject to State Headlee and Truth in Taxation provisions, up to \$12.50 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation for general governmental services and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The Village Charter also provides for up to \$5.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for necessary highway and street purposes. The 2007 State taxable valuation of the Village of Wolverine totaled \$4,735,217.

The tax rate for the year ended February 29, 2008, was as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Rate/Taxable Valuation
General government	\$ 7.4176 per \$1,000
Highways and Streets	\$ 2.9668 per \$1,000

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The interfund balances are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable			
General Local Street	\$ 2,510 	\$ - 2,510)		
	\$ 2,510	\$ 2,510)		

The interfund balances are for snowplowing wages paid for by the General fund, which were for the Local Street fund.

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers are as follows:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer (
Major Street Local Street	\$ - 	\$	9,374	
	\$ 9,374	\$	9,374	

The operating transfers from the Major Street Fund are for general operations of the Local Street Fund.

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity, excluding governmental activities, of the Village for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance March 1, 2007				Del	<u>etions</u>	Balance February 29, 2008			
Buildings	\$	352,968	\$	3,745	\$	-	\$	356,713		
Equipment		21,261		3,500		-		24,761		
Subtotal		374,229		7,245				381,474		
Less accumulated depreciation f	or:									
Buildings		212,274		8,840		-		221,114		
Equipment		2,480		2,359				4,839		
Subtotal		214,754		11,199				225,953		
Governmental Activities net										
capital assets	\$	159,475	\$	(3,954)	\$	-	\$	155,521		
Governmental fund type proper as follows: Buildings Equipment	ty, plo	ant and equ	ipme	ent at Feli	oruar	y 29, 20	008 are s \$ 	ummarized 356,713 24,761		
Total								381,474		
Less; accumulated dep.								(225,953)		
Net							\$	155,521		

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the Village's long-term debt transactions for the year ended February 29, 2008;

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Loan payable	\$ 11,198	\$ -	\$ 7,104	\$ 4,094	\$ 4,094

Long-term liabilities payable at February 29, 2008 is composed of the following individual issue:

The Village financed a tractor for \$11,891 and a lawn mower for \$9,370 for 36 months at 0%.

NOTE 9: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Village contracted with its President for services including sidewalk work and an addition to the village garage. Payments for these services amounted to \$7,049 during the fiscal year ending February 29, 2008.

NOTE 10: LEASE

The Village has a lease agreement with the Wolverine Joint Fire Board. The Fire Board leases the Fire Hall from the Village for the cost of the building's property insurance each year. The lease ends in March 2010 and is renewable by the Fire Board at that time.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village belongs to the Michigan Township Participating Plan, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for various municipalities throughout the state. The Village pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for 100% of its claims.



VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE **Budgetary Comparison Schedule** General Fund For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
		Original	al Final		Actual Amounts			r/(Under)
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$	68,548	\$	68,548	\$	68,548	\$	-
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes		34,000		34,000		35,963		1,963
State revenues Charges for services		39,700		39,700		39,704 4, 4 93		4 4,493
Interest and rentals		2,250		2,250		2,299		49
Other		5,160		5,160		2,131		(3,029)
Amounts available for appropriations		149,658		149,658		153,138		3,480
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
General government:		2 500		2 500		1.750		/1 OFO)
Council President		3,500 5,000		3,500 5,000		1,650 5,676		(1,850) 676
Elections		5,000		3,000		213		213
Professional services		4,000		4,000		1,095		(2,905)
Clerk / Treasurer		13,000		13,000		13,742		742
Hall utilities and maintenance		19,800		19,800		6,962		(12.838)
Insurance		12,000		12,000		10,812		(1,188)
Other,		10,560		10,560		7,286		(3,274)
Total general government		67,860		67,860		47,436		(20,424)
Public safety		2,000		2,000		382.00		(1,618)
Public works		9,000		9,000		15,583		6,583
Recreation and cultural		16,000		16,000		19,371		3,371
Capital outlay		7,500		7,500		3,746		(3,754)
Debt service						7,104		7,104
Total charges to appropriations		102,360		102,360		93,622		(8,738)
Ending budgetary fund balance	\$	47,298	\$	47,298	\$	59,516	\$	12,218

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts							ince with
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Final Budget Over/(Under	
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$	70,,166	\$	70,166	\$	70,166	\$	-
Resources (inflows):								
State revenues		38,000		38,000		41,087		3,087
Interest and rentals		300		300		1,927		1,627
Amounts available for appropriations		108,466		108,466		113,180		4,714
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
Public works		22,400		22,400		31,675		9.275
Transfers to Local Street Fund		9,500		9,500		9,374		(126)
Total charges to appropriations		31,900		31,900		41,049		9,149
Ending budgetary fund balance	_\$	7 <u>6,566</u>	\$	7 <u>6,</u> 566	\$	72,131	\$	(4,435)

VILLAGE OF WOLVERINE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	ounts				ance with			
	Original Final		Actua	al Amounts	Final Budget Over/(Under)			
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$	12,098	\$	12,098	\$	12,098	\$	-
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes		15,000		15,000		12,484		(2,516)
State revenues		14,000		14,000		15,714		1,714
Interest and rentals		300		300		475		175
Other		25,000		25,000				(25,000)
Transfers from Major Street Fund		9,500		9,500		9,374		(126)
Amounts available for appropriations		75,898		75,898		50,145		(25,753)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
Public works		47,500		47,500		12,628		(34,872)
Ending budgetary fund balance	\$	28,398	\$	28,398	\$	37,517	\$	9,119

April 29, 2008

COMMUNICATION OF MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL AND OTHER MATTERS.

Village Council
Village of Wolverine
Cheboygan County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Village of Wolverine as of and for the year ended February 29, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Village of Wolverine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a material weakness:

The Village does not have the expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. According to newly issued auditing standards this inability to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is an indicator of a significant deficiency and a strong indicator of a material weakness in internal control.

We did note the Village's management does posses the skill necessary to prepare and monitor the annual budget. The accounting system which is designed primarily for budgetary purposes is also used as the source information in preparing the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles with some adjustment, format differences and note disclosures.

We have also noted other matters for your consideration:

<u>Capitalization Policy:</u> The Village should adopt a formal capitalization policy with a minimum capitalization amount such as \$1,000 used in preparing the financial report. A listing of the various fixed assets owned by the Village over this amount should be retained with dates acquired, cost etc.

<u>Budget Amendments:</u> The budget should be formally amended when it becomes apparent that there will be significant differences from the original budget such as when actual expenses will be considerably higher than those originally budgeted.

<u>Iruth in Taxation Hearing:</u> A public hearing needs to be held when property tax millage rate is higher than the allowed levied amount. This hearing needs to be published in the newspaper and can be included with the budget hearing notice.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Village Council, others within the organization, and State of Michigan and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HILL, SCHRODERUS & CO. Certified Public Accounts

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